

11649-7

02/05/2004

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PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Harmful if swallowed. May cause irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark.

This pesticide is toxic to birds and fish. Wildlife feeding on treated bait may be killed. Do not contaminate water by cleaning equipment or disposal of waste. Do not feed to livestock or poultry. Do not mix with grain for livestock or poultry feed.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

USE RESTRICTIONS

Do not apply to food or feed crops. Do not use where stored food or feed (such as grain or meat) might become contaminated.

Avitrol must not be exposed in any manner that may endanger desirable and protected bird species. If there is a question of such hazard, consult local, state and federal game authorities before undertaking bird management with Avitrol.

Investigate local laws that may prohibit the use of any toxic chemical in bird control.

Applicators shall wear gloves and use a scoop when mixing, applying and broadcasting this product.

STORAGE & DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

Storage: Store only in original container in a cool, dry location inaccessible to children and pets. Store apart from food or animal feed and protect against rodent penetration of the carton. Store apart from other pesticides, fertilizers, food or feed that may cause cross-contamination of odor or insect infestation.

Pesticide Disposal: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Disposal: Fiber Drums with Liners: Completely empty liner by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into application equipment. Then dispose of liner in sanitary landfill or by incineration if allowed by State and local authorities. If drum is contaminated and cannot be reused, dispose of in the same manner.

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

DUE TO ACUTE AVIAN TOXICITY

For sale to and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's Certification.



WHOLE CORN

Active ingredient: 4-Aminopyridine	0.5%
Inert ingredients:	99.5%
Total	100.0%

Avitrol is a poison with flock alarming properties used for the control of Feral Pigeons in, on or in the area of structures, feeding, nesting, loafing and roosting sites, in such a way that a part of a flock may react and frighten the rest away. Birds that react and alarm a flock usually die.

NOT FOR USE IN NEW YORK STATE WITHOUT NEW YORK STATE TECHNICAL BULLETIN, AVITROL #1 FOR AVITROL WHOLE CORN.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION FIRST AID

Have label with you when obtaining treatment advice.

If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Call a poison control center, doctor, or 1-800-424-9300 immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center, doctor or 1-800-424-9300 immediately for treatment advice.

ACCEPTED

FEB 5 2004

Manufactured By
AVITROL CORPORATION
7644 East 46th Street
Tulsa, Oklahoma 74145-8333
(918) 622-7763 • (800) 633-5669
EPA Reg. No. 11649-7
EPA Est. 11649-OK-1

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, this pesticide is registered under EPA Reg. No. 11649-7

PREBAITING DIRECTIONS

This product must not be applied where nontarget birds are feeding. Careful observations of the birds' feeding habits must therefore be made to establish proper feeding locations and to determine that no nontarget birds are feeding on the prebait. Prebaiting with untreated grains of the same composition as the Avitrol carrier is usually essential to the effective deterrence of the birds with Avitrol. The exact prebaiting technique employed will vary depending on the birds' location and the surrounding environment. The locale should be studied for a period long enough to ascertain the birds' habits in the area. Proper prebaiting and treatment with diluted Avitrol grain will minimize the chance of bird mortality while producing the optimum conditions for the desired results. Pigeons will feed from roof tops as well as from the ground. Feed acceptance from trays will normally require more time.

DILUTION DIRECTIONS

Avitrol treated grain should be thoroughly mixed with untreated grain of the same composition as the Avitrol carrier at the dilution ratios indicated below. For the control of Pigeons with Avitrol, a dilution ratio of one part treated to twenty-nine parts untreated can be used in most situations. However, where other bird food is available, this ratio may need to be adjusted to a one part treated to nineteen or fourteen parts untreated, or even lower. No dilution ratio less than one part treated to nine parts untreated is recommended.

BAITING DIRECTIONS

To obtain minimal mortality, the distribution of Avitrol should be limited to scattered spot placements that will provide feeding opportunities only for the necessary number of target birds. After the birds' feeding pattern has been established through prebaiting, replace untreated bait with diluted treated bait only at sites where the target birds are actively feeding. Do not apply treated bait to inactive feeding sites. Where untreated bait may be a hazard to other birds or animals, it should be picked up at the end of each day. Pick up and dispose of dead birds by burial. This product must not be applied where nontarget bird species are feeding. During the first few days, baiting with Avitrol may require successive applications until control is obtained. Note that retreatment may also be necessary after rainfall.

Avitrol Lot No. _____

Net Contents: _____ Pounds

Notice: Buyer and/or user assumes all risks of use and/or handling of these materials contrary to label instructions.

NEW YORK STATE TECHNICAL BULLETIN:
AVITROL # 1 - REV.1
APPLICABLE TO AVITROL WHOLE CORN, EPA
REG. 11649-7

- 1 This product is not to be used to bait for pigeons in areas with a population greater than one million (1,000,000).
- 2 Prebaiting with a grain bait of the same composition as the Avitrol carrier is required.
- 3 During the prebaiting period and prior to application of the treated blend, the applicator must ensure by direct observation that protected non-target species are not feeding on the prebait and that the target species (pigeon/rock dove) are feeding on the prebait.
- 4 It is a violation of state and federal law to apply the treated blend at pre-baiting sites where protected non-target species are feeding. Apply the treated blend only at pre-baiting sites where target or non-protected species are feeding.
- 5 In populated areas, and areas open to the public, where feasible, baiting must be performed at elevated sites. Where baiting at elevated sites cannot be readily accomplished and ground baiting is required, a technician must be on site at all times while the blend of treated bait is exposed.
- 6 The technician must ensure children, pets and protected species do not come in contact with the blend; pick-up and dispose of dead and injured birds; and prior to leaving the site remove the treated blend and replace it with untreated prebait if the program is to continue.
- 7 Since birds have their heavy feeding at the first feeding of the morning, this is the best time to bait with Avitrol baits. By baiting during this period, the time required for the technician to remain on site can be kept to a minimum.
- 8 The label offers a range of allowable treated blend ratios from one treated in twenty-nine (on the weak side) to one treated to nine untreated (on the strong side). The blend ratio wording on the label is couched in "Advisory Labeling" language. In New York State DO NOT USE A BLEND RATIO LESS THAN ONE TREATED TO NINE UNTREATED (i.e., at least nine untreated parts to every one treated part). Blend ratios weaker than one to twenty-nine may be used.
- 9 In populated areas and areas open to the public, begin baiting with no stronger blend than one to twenty-nine and gradually work to a stronger blend if additional baiting cycles are considered necessary.

ACCEPTED
FEB 5 2004
Under the Federal Insecticide, and Rodenticide Act, recommended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 11649-7